

higher education & training

Department: Higher Education and Training REPUBLIC OF SOUTH AFRICA

MARKING GUIDELINE

NATIONAL CERTIFICATE (VOCATIONAL)

FITTING AND TURNING NQF LEVEL 4

22 November 2024

This marking guideline consists of 5 pages.

-2-FITTING AND TURNING L4

QUESTION 1: PUMPS AND COMPRESSOR

- 1.1 1.1.1 False
 - 1.1.2 True
 - 1.1.3 False
 - 1.1.4 True
 - 1.1.5 True

- (5 × 1) (5)
- 1.2 1.2.1 During the reporting process based on the workshop policy, it is recommended that all defects and defective equipment be reported as and when the defects occur. $\checkmark \checkmark$
 - 1.2.2 Information regarding the complete task needs to be recorded fully and accurately as soon as the job has been completed. \checkmark
 - 1.2.3 In the workshop and the plant maintenance zone, it is critical that tools and equipment be examined, cleaned and stored in a safe environment. $\checkmark \checkmark$

(3 × 2) (6)

- 1.3 Lobe compressor
 - Vane compressor
 - Rotary screw compressor
 - Rotary air compressor
 - Reciprocation piston compressor
 - Scroll compressor

(Any three relevant answers) (3)

- Air is first admitted to a low-pressure cylinder ✓ and then discharged into an inter-cooler. ✓
 - At the inter-cooler, the pressurised air is cooled down√ before entering the high-pressure cylinder.√
 - Here the air is compressed to its final pressure, from where it is delivered through an after-cooler that cools the air before ✓ it moves to the air receiver where it gets stored for external use. ✓ (3 × 2)

(6) [**20**]

(6)

QUESTION 2: HYDRAULICS AND PNEUMATICS

- Pressure ✓ refers to a measurement of force per unit area that acts on an object in the fluid on a closed containers surface. The ISO unit for pressure is Pascal (Pa). ✓
 - Volumetric flow rate ✓ refers to the volume of fluid that is passing through a given cross sectional area per unit of time. The ISO unit for volumetric flow rate flow is litres per second (I/s) or cubic metres per second (m³/s).√
 - Area ✓ is when air flowing through pipes of varying diameters during any time will have the same volume at all points. The ISO unit for area is metres squared (m)². ✓ (3 × 2)

-3-FITTING AND TURNING L4

- 2.2 Because the use of any unidentifiable cleaning agent may be harmful to the skin and eyes of an operator. $\checkmark \checkmark$
- 2.3 Pressure in the system that does not meet the operational (circuit) requirements. $\checkmark \checkmark$
 - Kinks in pipes or leaks in the system. ✓ ✓

(Any two relevant answers) (2×2) (4)

- 2.4 2.4.1 Linear actuator
 - 2.4.2 Filter or strainer
 - 2.4.3 Flow valve
 - 2.4.4 Exhaust valve
 - 2.4.5 Hydraulic motor
- 2.5 2.5.1

2.5.2

2.5.3 -(

(3 × 1) (3) [20]

(2)

(4)

(5 × 1)

(2)

(5)

QUESTION 3: GRINDING MACHINE

- Clean and remove all burrs from the work piece and make sure that the magnetic base is clean of metal filings.
 - Place a piece of paper between the workpiece and the magnetic base to prevent the workpiece or magnetic base surface from damage.
- 3.2 The surface grinding operation can only be started once all safety procedures have been followed and all settings are correct.
 - Once one is satisfied that every safety aspect has been taken into consideration and applied, one may start the machine.
 - Stand aside and let the machine run for approximately five minutes to allow the lubrication of the table components to be completed.
 - Once this process is done, one may set the cutting depth of the grinding wheel.
- 3.3 3.3.1 When one has checked the surface finish of the machined components, one must check the dimension(measurements) against its required specification. $\checkmark \checkmark$
 - 3.3.2 The values and tolerance that need to be checked are identified from the drawing and other appropriate job specifications that have been provided. $\checkmark \checkmark$

-4-FITTING AND TURNING L4

QUESTION 4: CENTRE LATHE AND MILLING MACHINE

- 4.1 Inspect the lathe to make sure that the centre lathe bed is oiled and that there is sufficient oil in the headstock.
 - Make sure that the centre lathe is anchored to the floor.
 - Inspect power supply cables and the emergency stop to ensure that they are in good working condition.
 - Inspect guards to make sure that they are in position and in good working condition before operating the machine.
 - Inspect the levers on the centre lathe to make sure that they are working properly.
 - (accept any other relevant answer)
- 4.2 The operator must select the cutting tool based on the requirements of the job. $\checkmark \checkmark$
 - The selected cutter must then be clamped with bolts into the bracket in the tool post. ✓ ✓
 - It must protrude approximately 10 mm from the tool post so that it has the correct overhang. ✓ ✓ (3 × 2) (6)
- 4.3 4.3.1 Slab milling
 - 4.3.2 Face milling
 - 4.3.3 Slot cutting

 (3×1) (3)

(5)

- Colour code painted on the material by manufacturer
 - Spark test
 - Looking at the appearance
 - Manufacturer's stamp
- 4.5 For machining to take place, the worm and the worm gear are disengaged.√√
 - The indicated grooves to be machined are set on the index to start the initial cutting.√√
 - The worm and worm gear are then engaged for the next operation on the same machine. $\checkmark\checkmark$ (3 × 2)

(6) **[24]**

(4)

QUESTION 5: CNC CENTRE LATHE AND MILLING MACHINE

- Study the operator and maintenance manuals and read all warnings on the machine before turning it on.
 - Let the machine and spindle come to a complete stop before opening the door.
 - Ensure that the work piece and tools are secured properly.
 - Do not use tools for which one has not been trained to use.
 - Carefully inspect tools every time before they are them.

(Any relevant answers) (4)

-5-FITTING AND TURNING L4

- 5.2 Run a chip conveyor at the end of the workday. $\checkmark \checkmark$
 - Use a paint brush/hook wire to clean off stray chips/shavings and debris.
 - (2 × 2) (4)

(2)

- 5.3 The worn tip is loosened by means of an Allen key and then turned around and fitted into the holder. $\checkmark \checkmark$
- 5.4 5.4.1 G41 code (cutter compensation left) is used to move the CNC control tool to the left of the programme path to compensate for the size of the cutting tool. \checkmark
 - 5.4.2 G42 code (cutter compensation right) is used to move the CNC control tool to the right of the programme path to compensate for the size of the cutting tool. $\checkmark \checkmark$

 (2×2) (4)

- Cutting tips should be free of any damages.
 - Sufficient spare inserts for all the tools.
 - Correct size of Allen keys is available for the tools being used.
 - Inside diameter tools are extended to the required length.
 - Inside diameter tools are positioned opposite each other in the turret and not side by side.
 - Slides at the back of the turret are properly oiled. (Any 5 × 1) (5)
 - A DNC system transfers CNC part programmes between a computer and a CNC machine's programme memory.√√
 - One can let the CNC programme run directly from a computer.✓✓
- 5.7 Solution:

5.6

R/min = 650 #Flute = 2 MMPT = 0.02

Feed = r/min × MMPT × #FL

- = (650 × 0,02) × 2√
- = 13 × 2√ = 26 mm/min√
- (3)
 - [26]

(4)

TOTAL: 100

 (2×2)